How the NSA Scours Internet Traffic in the U.S.

The National Security Agency gathers information from many sources. Here are three main ones—with a focus on one way it can tap and study Internet traffic.

O Select red dots for more information

# **Data collected from sources**

The NSA gets much of its communication information from companies

# **Phones**

The NSA can gather phone-call data.

#### Prism

Stored content from Internet firms, aimed at foreign targets.

# Internet backbone

Monitors certain streams of Internet traffic, through legal relationships with telecom companies.

### Internet data sorted

The NSA filters out the data it needs

### Filtering System

Companies such as Narus make technology that filters large streams of Internet traffic. The system aims at communications where at least one person is overseas.



### Main databases

Data goes into NSA databases. O

Information might also go to an analyst for study in real time.



Systems including one called Xkeyscore take 'selectors,' such as email addresses sent by analysts, develop filtering rules and send information back.



# **Query programs**

Software for analysts to spot links or patterns in piles of data.



# Analyst

Gives instructions to the filtering algorithms, gets information from databases and studies the data.



# Reports

Final reports are stored in databases named Maui and Anchory.

Sources: current and former U.S. and industry officials; documents revealed by Edward Snowden

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